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Indian
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2 1/2 h.p. 3 1/2 h.p. and 7 1/2 h.p.
ALEX. ROSS & CO.
Machinery Dept.
Phone 57.

No 17 256

號七月九年八十壹百九千壹英

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1918.

午戌次歲年七國民華中

PRICE \$3.60 Per Month.



NOTICE.

ANY EUROPEAN Non ASIATIC or
INDIAN desiring to leave the
Colony should apply in person at the
Central Police Station between the hours
of 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
daily.
Applicants will be required to produce
Passports or identification papers. All
persons, with certain exceptions, who
remain in the Colony for more than
7 days are required to Register them-
selves under the REGISTRATION OF
PERSONS ORDINANCE 1918. Forms of
Registration giving the particulars
required may be obtained at the G.P.O.
and at all Police Stations.
The Penalty for non compliance is a
fine not exceeding \$50.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE
INSURANCE CO.
WHICH ARE THE SHARERS OF
THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE
COMPANY, LTD.,
and
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS
ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1914.
£23,970,367.
I—Authorized Capital £24,000,000
Subscribed Capital £24,000,000
Paid-up Capital £22,437,500
II—Fire Funds £3,537,047
III—Life & Accident Funds £17,567,590
Sinking Fund Account £28,230
£23,970,367
Revenue Fire Branch £2,381,456
Life and Accident 2,141,593
Branches 3,537,047
Revenue Marine Department 337,239
Other Receipts 479,546
£5,359,928

The Accumulative Funds of the various
Branches are separately invested, and, by
Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet
the claims under the respective Depart-
ments of the Company's Business.
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
Agents.

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY,
LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.

7.30 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 9.30 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
9.30 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
12.30 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 2.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
Saturdays only. Every 15 minutes.
2.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
Sundays only. Every 15 minutes.
4.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
6.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
NIGHT CARS.
8.30 p.m. to 9.30 p.m. 10 p.m. 11 p.m.
11.30 p.m. and 11.45 p.m.
SUNDAYS.
7.30 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12 noon. Every 15 minutes.
12 noon to 12.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
12.30 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
1.30 p.m. to 2.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
2.30 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
3.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
4.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
NIGHT CARS as on Week Days
SATURDAYS EXTRA CARS.
1.30 p.m. and 12 midnight.
SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the
Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS,
Dee Vaux Road Central.
Season and punch tickets available for
all cars not already full running at the
time stated in the Company's time tables,
but not for special cars, can be obtained
on application at the Company's Office.
No season ticket will be issued until
payment therefor has been made in Bank
Notes or by Cheque or Compadore order
representing Bank Note.
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL

BUSINESS NOTICES.

W. S. BAILEY & CO., LTD.

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS,
KOWLOON BAY.

Steam and Motor Vessels,
Steel Building Work of every Description,
Castings, Forgings, Repairs and Supplies.

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT
CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

Sailings—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 10 p.m.
From Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 4 p.m.

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

Sailings—S.S. "SUI AN" to Macao daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays 9 a.m.)
S.S. "SUI TAI" to Macao daily at 2 p.m. (Sundays excepted)
S.S. "SUI AN" from Macao daily at 2 p.m. (Sundays 3 p.m.)
S.S. "SUI TAI" from Macao daily at 7.30 a.m. (Sundays excepted)

Further information may be obtained at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, Hotel Mansions,
or from Messrs. THOS. COOK & SON, Booking Agents, Hongkong.



THE FINEST LIQUEURS.

OLD
BROWN BRANDY
25 YEARS IN WOOD.

Specially selected for
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WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
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THE HONGKONG HOTEL

GRILL ROOM

J. H. TAGGART
MANAGER

THE PEAK HOTEL.

1,500 Feet above Sea Level.
15 Minutes from Landing Stage.
Under the Management of—
Mrs. BLAIR.

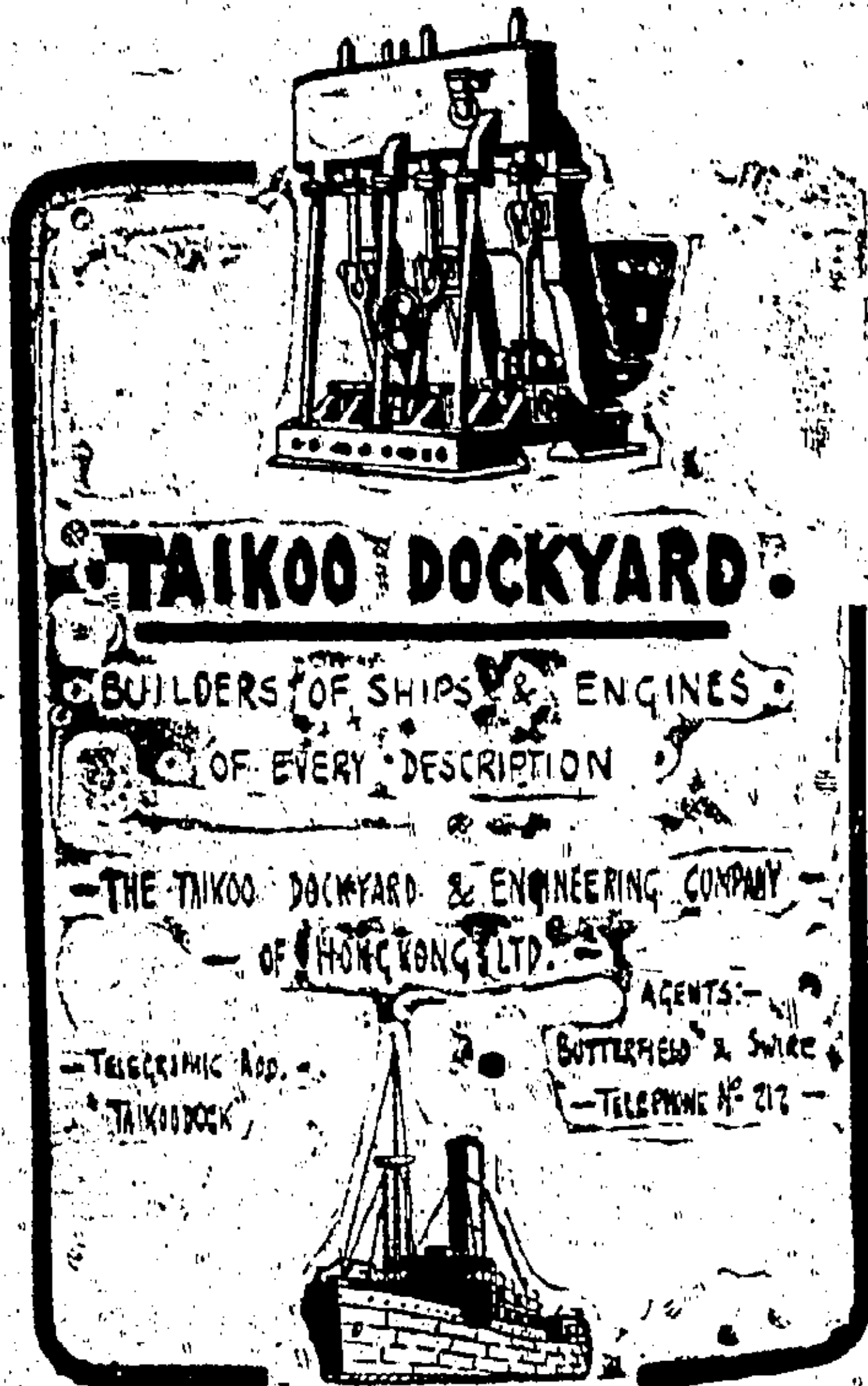
GRAND HOTEL.

A First-class and up-to-date Hotel, most central location within the vicinity of all the principal
banks, noted for the best food, refreshments, accommodation and clean linen.
Cuisine under European Supervision.
A first-class String Orchestra, renders selections from 5.30 p.m. to 11.30 p.m.
Special monthly terms for residents and for Shipping People.
For further particulars apply—
W. BARKER,
Manager.
Telephone No. 187. Telegraphic Address "COMFORT."

CARLTON HOTEL.

(THE ONLY AMERICAN HOTEL IN THE COLONY.)
ICE HOUSE STREET.
Under American Management.
Nice and quiet yet only a few minutes' walk from the Banks and Central
District. 43 Bedrooms, Excellent Cuisine, Scrupulously Clean. Moderate Terms.
Monthly and Family Rates on application to the Proprietress.
Launches Motor Passenger Boats.
Telegraphic Address "CARLTON." H.B. T. & CALDERON

BUSINESS NOTICES



GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.

PORTLAND CEMENT

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

GENERAL MANAGERS.

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd.

Established 1883

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE Manila ROPE

STRAND 3" to 15" CIRCUMFERENCE	CABLE LAID 5" to 15" CIRCUMFERENCE	4 STRAND 3" to 10" CIRCUMFERENCE
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Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length

Prices, samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to

Shewan, Tomes & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, April 11, 1912.

MACARONI, PASTE STARS, EGG NOODLES, VERMICELLI, AND ALL KINDS OF SOUP STUFFS.

ALL our Pastes bear the "Rooster" label and are made from Flour of the Best
Quality containing a large percentage of Gluten. Starch and Gluten are the
principal components of Flour. Gluten is easier to digest and contains more
nutrient than Starch. Manufactured under the most sanitary conditions.
Large quantities have been exported to various important cities in the World.
Terms moderate, especially for Agencies. Orders executed promptly.

THE HING WAH PASTE MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.
Head Office: No. 47 and 49, Connaught Road, Central, Hongkong; Telephone 1239.
Principal Factory: No. 71, North Soochow Road, Shanghai, China; Telephone 3336.
Branch Factory: Wing Hing Street, Causeway Bay, Hongkong.
Cable Address: "HINGWAH"

DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO.

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS FOR THE FAMOUS

CHADLER	HUDSON	AND	OVERLAND	MOTOR	CARS
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TELEPHONE 482.

COME AND INSPECT

BEST CARS IN THE COLONY FOR HIRE.

E. HING & CO.

LARGE STOCK OF SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS

viz: Steel Ship Plates, Angles and Bars.

Also Shipchandlery Articles.

Telephone No. 1112. 85, Wing Yee Street, Central.

THE GREAT BATTLE.

FRENCH AND AMERICANS ON THE AISNE.

(Router's Service in the China Mail.)

PROGRESS OF THE BATTLE. THE MILITARY SITUATION.

FRENCH CROSS THE VESLE.

London, Sept. 5.
Router's Correspondent at French
Headquarters states:—
During the night the French
crossed the Vesle at Quincaumont.
Big fires are increasing between
the Vesle and the Aisne.

PROGRESS IN THE VESLE REGION.

London, Sept. 5.
A French communiqué states:—
Yesterday evening we repulsed two
violent counterattacks at Mont-des-
Touilles, east of Leuzilly and main-
tained our positions.
On the Vesle front French and
American troops reached the crest
of the heights dominating the Aisne.
Extending our action still further,
we also crossed the Vesle between
Les Vanteaux and Jemehery.

THE ENEMY'S RETREAT.

Paris, Sept. 5.
On the French front the German
retreat began yesterday morning,
the Germans being pushed back
especially by the Armies of General
Blangin and General Humbert.
The Allied line is now several kilo-
metres west of the Oise to the
Somme Canal, north of the Ailette
and north of the Oise.
The immediate prospects are most
satisfactory.

ALLIES HOLD PART OF THE AISNE.

Paris, Sept. 5.
The French and Americans hold
the Aisne up to thirty kilometres
east of Soissons.—Havas.

GERMAN LOSSES.

Paris, Sept. 5.
The German losses during the past
seven weeks amount to one million
and a half, of whom 500,000 remain
totally disabled.—Havas.

THE FRENCH CHAMBER MEETS.

Paris, Sept. 5.
The Chamber of Deputies resumed
work to-day, supported by the un-
animous approbation of the General
Councils respecting the course of the
Government's policy and the mili-
tary successes still in progress.
Important financial matters are to
be discussed. No political difficulty
is within view.—Havas.

A FRENCH TRIBUTE TO THE
DOMINIONS.

Paris, Sept. 5.
The French Press, applauding the
British success, says: "There is
something even more striking than
the United Kingdom's tenacity, and
that is the spontaneity with which
the Dominions have taken up the
common burden, covering themselves
with immortal glory."

AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING RECORD
BROKEN.

Washington, Sept. 5.
Mr. Schwab, the Shipbuilding
Controller, has announced that the
delivery of merchant ships during
August constitutes a record, 66 ships
of 340,000 tons deadweight having
been completed.

CANADA'S WHEAT.

Ottawa, Sept. 5.
The Government has assumed
complete control of the purchase
and sale of wheat.

A SUMMARY OF THE POSITION.

ENEMY COLLAPSE NOT
EXPECTED.

London, Sept. 5.
The military situation is summa-
rized as follows:—

It is emphasized in responsi-
bilities that while the position on
the Western Front continues high-
ly satisfactory, it would be unwise to
build too much on an enemy col-
lapse. The Allied offensive has
yielded wonderful results, but, gen-
erally speaking, there is no evidence
that the German High Command has
lost grip of the situation, although,
of course, it is making demands on
its troops which cannot be responded
to indefinitely. When it is consid-
ered that the whole system of supply,
billeting, hospitals, training estab-
lishments, aerodromes, organisation,
dumps, etc., etc., must be entirely
reconstructed at a time when every
man is required in the line, and war
material being not too plentiful, it
will be seen the German High Com-
mand is confronted with a formidable
job.

THE PALESTINE CAMPAIGN.

As regards Palestine it is interest-
ing to note that some battalions,
recently raised in India, have acquit-
ted themselves extremely well in
minor operations, which augurs well
for their future.

THE SIBERIAN CAMPAIGN.

The Japanese have driven back the
enemy on the Ussuri front to the
river Dikin, south of Khabarovsk.
Colonel Semenov's advance guard is
at Olovyan, on the Onon river,
where it has met the Czech advance
guard from the west. The situation
round China is still obscure but it
appears that the Czechs have prob-
ably obtained control of the whole
of the trans-Siberian railway. West
of the Urals the Czechs have main-
tained their position. The Allied
forces, including Russians, are push-
ing down the Volga railway, after
the recent success at Oberzheny.

FINN ARMY MUTINOUS.

A feeling against fighting against
the Allies is growing in the Finn
Army which is mutinous and discon-
tented but the Germans are still
pushing forward their communica-
tions towards Pecheng and eastward
towards the White Sea. There is
also much bitterness against the Ger-
mans in Finland owing to the whole-
sale exploitation of the country.

THE SUCCESS IN EAST
AFRICA.

We have obtained considerable suc-
cess in East Africa and von Lettow's
movements in three directions have
been checked. He is now being
pursued to the north-eastward to-
wards the Lurio river. The recent
reverses are the most severe von
Lettow has sustained for a long time.
He has lost, recently, at least 400
whites, Askaris and porters and
20,000 rounds of small arms am-
munition. His total force is now
below 200 whites and 2,000 Askaris.

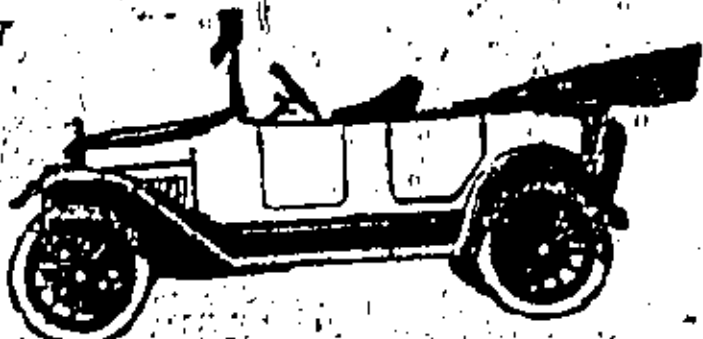
(Continued on Page 5.)

CHEYRONS FOR WAR PRISONERS.

Soldiers who have been prisoners of
war are not permitted to wear chevrons
anted for each year's service. Mr.
Macpherson, in the House of Commons,
expressed great sympathy with the sug-
gestion that men, especially when they
had been wounded and taken prisoners,
should be allowed to display and promised
to consider the matter.

By reducing the size of the trans-
mission tickets the L.O.E. are saving 100 tons
of pulp per year.

METEOR GARAGE



Sole distributors of
MAXWELL CARS.
Automobiles for Hire and
for Sale
at reasonable Price.
Phone 2500.
65 Des Vaux Road
Central.

TANG YUK DEWING, successor of

the late SIEN TING.

14, DAUGHTER STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE

Consultation free



Hughes & Hough
AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT.

General Auctioneers
Share, Coal and General Produce
Brokers and Commission
Agents.

PROPRIETORS
"To-Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage.

Codes used
Bentley's
A. 1. 4th & 5th Editions
A 1 Telegraphic Code.

Telegraphic Address,
"MIRION" HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),
on

TUESDAY,
the 10th Sept., 1918, commencing at
2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

AN ASSORTMENT OF
HOUSEHOLD LINENS, &c.,
Comprising:—
Scalloped Pillow Cases, Sheets and
Bed Quilt, Single and Double Plain and
Hemstitched Sheets, Pillow Cases, White
Satin Quilt, Table Cloths, Pure Linen
Dinner Serviettes, Bath Sheets, Bath
Towels, Turkish Towels, Glass Cloths,
&c., &c., &c.

Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Sept. 4, 1918. 724

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),
on

TUESDAY,
the 10th Sept., 1918, commencing at
2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

**TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD
FURNITURE, BRASS MOUNTED AND
TEAKWOOD TWIN BEDSTADS,
CURTAINS, CARPETS, &c., &c.,**
AND AN ASSORTMENT OF
USEFUL HOUSEHOLD GOODS,
As follows:—
Chesterfield Sofas and Arm-chairs
(new), Card Tables, Upholstered Suites,
&c., Bedroom Furniture, comprising
Brass Twin Bedsteads, Teak Twin Bed-
steads, Sideboards, Dinner Waggon,
Extension Dining Tables and Chairs,
Tea and Occasional Tables, &c., Dinner
Services, Crockery, Glass Ware, Cooking
Stoves, Cutlery, Toilet Sets, &c., Bath
Room Utensils, Sundry Electro-Plated
Ware.

Also
One 12-Bore Sporting Gun (very good
condition), Typewriters, Metal Bath,
and one full size Croquet set complete.
(Full Particulars from Catalogue).
Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Sept. 4, 1918. 723

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from the REGISTRAR
SHEWAN TOMES & CO., to sell by Public
Auction,
on

TUESDAY,
the 10th Sept., 1918, at 2 p.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

One PIANO by "Beck" in good condition.
Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers to the Government.
Hongkong, Sept. 6, 1918. 731

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),
on

TUESDAY,
the 10th September, 1918, at 2 p.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

One RUBBER TYRED RICKSHA
with Lamp, Covers, &c.,
very good condition.
Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Sept. 6, 1918. 730

AUCTION.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),
on

SATURDAY
the 14th Sept., 1918, commencing at
2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
CHINESE PORCELAINS & CURIOS,
Comprising:—
A variety of 5-coloured and 3-coloured
Vases and Plates, Blue and White Vases
and Figurines, etc., old Bronzes, including
Insects, Burners of the Sung and Ming
Dynasties, Pekinese Cloisonne, Amber,
Jadestone and Agate Vases and Orna-
ments, Beads, etc., Carved Bamboo Ware
and a number of "Snuff" Bottles.

Also
LACQUERED SCREENS,
EMBROIDERIES, &c., &c., &c.
The greater portion of the above
stock has recently arrived from the
North and includes pieces from the
Sung, Ming, Kanig, Yungking, Kien-
lung and Tzongwang Periods.
On view from Friday, the 13th inst.
Catalogues will be issued.
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Sept. 6, 1918. 730

TO LET

TO LET.
A GODOWN—Central District.
Apply to
**THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.**
Hongkong, July 26, 1918. 623

TO LET.

HOUSES on Shamcen, Canton.
Apply to—
**THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT & AGENCY CO., Ltd.**

TO LET.

A SHOP in Nathan Road, Kowloon.
Apply to—
**HUMPEREYS ESTATE & FINANCE
CO., LTD.**
Alexandra Buildings,
Hongkong, July 17, 1918. 603

BANK

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD.
(TAIWANESE).
INCORPORATED BY SPECIAL IMPERIAL
CHARTER, 1899.

Capital Subscribed... Yen 50,000,000.
Capital Paid up... " 25,000,000.
Reserve Funds... " 5,850,000.

HEAD OFFICE:
TAIPEI, FORMOSA.

BRANCHES:
JAPAN—Tokyo, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka,
Kure, Kobe, Osaka, Tsunaga, Nagoya,
Yokohama, Tokyo Hakodate, Muroran,
Otaru, Vladivostok, Peking, Tientsin,
Dairen, Tsingtau, Hankow, Shanghai,
Taiping, Hongkong, Canton, Haiphong,
Manila, Singapore, Calcutta, London
and New York.
Cable Address:
"HONGKONG," "IWASAKI".
Canton, Haiphong: "IWASAKISAL".
Codes:—A1, A, B, C, 5th Ed.,
Western Union and Bentley's.

Agency for:—**THE OSAKA MARINE
& FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
LTD., OSAKA.**

For Particulars, apply to—
S. KAWATE, Manager.
No. 14, PRINCE STREET, HONGKONG.

REGAL RECORDS
BY
(BILLY WILLIAMS)
COMEDIAN.

6000 When Father Papared the Parlor
Don't go out with Him to-night.
6001 Wake up John Bull
I'll lend you my best Girl.
6002 Where the Crowd goes
Let's have a Song on the Grump
phone.
6003 I never heard Father Laugh so
much
6004 My Lass from Glasgow Town.

**THE ANDERSON MUSIC
CO., LTD.**
Tel. 1322.

WAI KEE.
FLAG & SAILMAKER.
No. 123, Des Vaux Road Central,
Top Floor,
HONGKONG.
Telephone No. 1833.

**MARTIN'S
APIOL STEEL
PILLS**
A French Remedy for all liver troubles.
Thousands of letters every day are
received from all parts of the world
praising the efficacy of the System
and the purity of the Pills.
The pills are made from the most
purest and finest materials and are
entirely free from any harmful
ingredients. They are the only
pills that can be taken with
confidence and without any
danger. They are the only pills
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that can be taken with
confidence and without any
danger.

METALS
of all kinds, especially for shipbuilding
and engineering works. Largest and
best assorted stock in the Colony.
SINGON & CO.
(ESTABLISHED A.D. 1880).
HING LUNG ST. Phone 616.

**COUGHING INTO
CONSUMPTION**
"Only a Cough" but you stop
it while it is ONLY a cough.

**WATERBURY'S
METABOLIZED
COD LIVER OIL
COMPOUND**
The finest preparation made
for combating severe coughs.
CURES any cough that is
only a cough. Very palatable.
OF ALL CHEMISTS
Prices: 1/6 and 2/6.

NEWS FROM LONDON
(From Our Own Correspondent.)

London, July 19.

ENEMY ALIENS.

Though it cannot be said that the
lagger methods of officialdom satisfy
anybody but the departments con-
cerned, we have made some advance
this last fortnight in regard to the
belated review of all alien exemp-
tions from internment. There are
thousands of these gentry about the
country still, having escaped intern-
ment on this and that specious ex-
cuse, or because of powerful backing
and guarantees from influential
British friends. Beyond these, there
are the even more dangerous thou-
sands of naturalised Huns, who re-
tain, under the modern German law,
their German nationality, though
sworn to fealty to this country.

These people are everywhere, loud
in their British sentiments in pub-
lic, but in many cases secretly exult-
ing whenever Germany scores on
land or sea. So now, with an elec-
tion or two to drive home the de-
mands of the Press, the Government
has appointed an Advisory Com-
mittee, presided over by Mr. Justice
Sankey, to consider any evidence
against any alien, and to review his
or her exemption certificate. It is to
be hoped that by the time this
reaches you we shall be on a better
footing on this matter.

That there are influences against
such an essential "comb out" is
clear from the obstruction to be met
with in the Home Office and the
other departments concerned when-
ever this alien question is raised.
Even now, the reservation is made
that the enemy aliens in Government
departments shall not be summarily
discharged, but their cases shall be
reviewed by some sort of a com-
mittee. That really amounts to
nothing at all—any more than any
real "comb out" of young Cuth-
berts has resulted from a similar
inquiry into the young men shield-
ing themselves from military service
in Whitehall. I understand that
Mr. Lloyd George was for immediate
and drastic action, but other mem-
bers of the Cabinet, including Sir
George Curzon, the Home Secretary,
and Mr. Winston Churchill, the
Minister of Munitions, were against
him. They claim to have aliens who
are "independent" in their de-
partments. That surely is the most
miserable admission of the war. I
wonder how many Englishmen are
so described in the Wilhelmstasse.

How serious the situation is in
this regard may be indicated by one
or two facts. A big shipowner in
Wales was induced to accept a cer-
tain alien on his board. He lost
eight ships in rapid succession, soon
after they left port. He held board
meetings without this alien, stand-
ing, and immediately the sinkings
ceased. Yet the Government took
no action.

Mr. Lloyd George the other night
spoke of disquieting evidence that
had come before him of late. The
British Weekly now dots the 's' and
crosses the 't' on that matter,
with the following note:—"It is
believed that a most startling in-
cident of recent occurrence made a
particular impression on the War
Cabinet. A distinguished statesman
went out on a mission of investiga-
tion. Of course he did not go alone.
It was discovered in a singular
fashion that one of his escort was
in communication with the Germans.
No mistake could be greater than the
mistake of underestimating the un-
pleasant, susceptibility and irritation
of the public mind."

By the time this reaches you,
therefore, it is to be hoped that the
Advisory Committee, which has some
determined men on it, will have done
their work thoroughly, or there will
sooner or later be a most unwholy row
against the Government in these
islands.

It is only now, after nearly four
years of war, that the authorities
have at last taken police control of
all neutral ships that arrive in any
of our ports. Up to now any mem-
ber of any neutral crew could get a
permit to go ashore and wander
about locally for a given time. Cap-

tains have had the free run of the
ports. From now on this will be
altered, and nobody will be able to
leave a neutral ship without special
permission.

Many of these neutral crews have
done very well out of the war, quite
apart from their legitimate trade.
They have "leaked" information to
both sides, and the Hun has made
free use of them, for they have been
entirely ready to take his money and
do his dirty work.

A GENERAL ELECTION.
The last two bye-elections—Clap-
ham and East Finsbury—have shown
the importance of the alien question
in the public mind, for all the can-
didates were obliged to put it in the
forefront of their programmes. Now
it is understood that there will be a
general election in November. This
depends on two things—the comple-
tion of the new register, which in-
cludes women voters, and the ab-
sence of unexpected war develop-
ments. Many of the objections to a
general election in war time have
been got over by the Reform Bill
arrangement that all elections are to
be held in one day, and that soldiers
and sailors may vote by proxy.

Unless the Government, therefore,
tackle this alien problem efficiently,
there will be some heavy changes in
the House before the year is out.
In the present temper of the country
the pacifists, defectors, and alien-
protectors have not a dog's chance
of being returned in any numbers.
All sorts of Toms, Dicks and Harrys
are making preparations to stand,
hoping a new register will give them
a chance, but though I believe the
Labour Party will be substantially
increased, I doubt if the country
wants any rash experiments at this
time. People are a little "fed up"
with politicians and baroque-
quants, anyway; so there may be some
surprising results.

I confidently look for the return
of men like Mr. Gresham Stewart
and Mr. Johnson Hicks, who have
made this alien question live. Prob-
ably Mr. Gresham Stewart, with his
China experience, remembered what
manner of men the Huns are in Far
Eastern intrigue—also the recent
failure to get them clear of China
altogether—so he is doing his best
to cleanse his own land.

THE ANGLO-FRENCH
ENTENTE.
Never has a French representa-
tive body been more warmly received
than the Zouave Band, which came
over to join in the celebration of July
14 and to help in the British effort
to raise funds for the French Red
Cross—an effort that probably ran
up to the sum of a quarter of a mil-
lion sterling. France and England
have come very close together of
late, after all their joint efforts, and
it must not be forgotten that quite
four million men of our blood have
now been given shelter beneath
French roofs, and have gone away,
or gone forward to the trenches, with
deep respect for the French people.
Hence the great outburst of enthusi-
asm when the quick brain of
General Foch seized his opportunity
yesterday and attacked Soissons with
such dashing success that it is de-
scribed by the experts as "the most
brilliant exploit of the war." The
scenes last night in the theatres
where the news was flashed upon the
screen must have caused the blood
of French visitors to beat fast in
proud exultation over such prowess
and the friendly enthusiasm it had
evoked.

NO PACIFIC HELIGOLANDS.
Equally emphatic has been the
approval of the declarations of Aus-
tralian statesmen that Germany
must not be allowed to regain her
lost colonies in the Pacific. It is
agreed here that Germany, if she
had the chance, would turn the Pa-
cific islands into bases of attack on
her neighbours when her opportu-
nity came. This belief is supported
by the remembrance of what she did
on neutral territory before the war.
It became known just a year after
hostilities broke out that, with the
knowledge of the German Emperor,
large quantities of war material, in-
cluding supplies for submarines, were
stored near his castle at Corfu, at
least six months before the war be-
gan. Suspicious, indeed, had been
entertained concerning the move-
ments of Dr. Carl Peters and some
"archaeological" associates in Corfu
early in 1914. Peters, after being
deprived of his German honours, be-
cause of his infamies in East Africa,
settled down in a house at Barnes,
a Thames-side suburb, but his hon-
ours were restored to him just before
his departure for Egypt, and Corfu
on the so-called archaeological ex-
pedition. His activities in Cairo and
Alexandria, and later at Port Said
and Suez, at all of which places he
delivered lectures, were closely fol-
lowed by the Egyptian authorities,
and he then went to Constantinople.
His mission to Corfu, where he re-
mained for nearly two months, was
reported to have been undertaken at
the Kaiser's particular request, and
during this period there were many
"specimens" to and from the island
of Corfu. After that pleasant ex-
pedition he returned to Barnes,
where he remained until two months
after the war broke out, when our
complacent officials let him go with
a special permit to Berlin!

NOTICE

Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL much regret that for the first time for a hundred years war conditions prevent many of their products being shipped to Hongkong and China. They much appreciate the letter they are receiving, and in reply would state that it is fully recognised here that under the circumstances of life in China the absence of English delicacies and foods is a very real hardship.

Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL will take care that not a day shall be lost in forwarding supplies when a return to more normal conditions permits. In the meantime they trust that those who have been accustomed to rely on their products will be good enough to accept this explanation.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's
Chlorodyne

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

The Best Remedy known for
**COUGHS, COLDS,
ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS.**

Also like a charm in
DIARRHÆA, DYSENTERY, and CHOLERA.

The Most valuable Remedy ever discovered.
Effectually cures short attacks of SPASMS.
Checks and arrests those often fatal diseases—
FEVER, CROUP, AGUE.

The only Palliative in
**NEURALGIA, GOUT,
RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE.**

Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; always irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.
Nine Genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne on the Stamp."
Sold by all Chemists.
Prices in England,
1/1, 2/3, 4/6.

Sole Manufacturers:
J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd.,
London, S.E.

PHILIPS
"1/2 WATT"

Made in units ranging from 25-3000 c.p. Emits a brilliant white light of unequalled strength.

Obtainable from the principal Electrical Contractors.

FOR WHOLESALE APPLY TO:—
HOLLAND-CHINA TRADING CO.,
HONGKONG & CANTON.
SOLE AGENTS FOR SOUTH CHINA.

BLUE BIRD
CONFECTIONERS & CATERERS
ICE CREAM PARLOUR.

HOT AND COLD DRINKS.
ALSO DEALERS IN
Ginballs and Orange Blossom
American Chocolates,
Assorted Fancy Cakes,
Cakes, Biscuits, etc.,
Queen's Road, Plover Street.

**THE EVER POPULAR
HOUSEHOLD REMEDY**

Which has now borne the
Stamp of Public Approval for
OVER FORTY YEARS.

**ENO'S
FRUIT SALT**

PLEASANT TO TAKE.
REFRESHING AND INVIGORATING.

IT IS VERY BENEFICIAL IN ALL CASES
OF
**Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation,
Errors in Diet—Eating or Drinking, Thirst,
Giddiness, Rheumatic or Gouty Poison,
Feverish Cold, with High Temperature
and Quick Pulse, and Feverish Conditions
generally. It is everything you could wish
as a simple and Natural Health-giving
Agent.**

Prepared only by
J. C. ENO, Ltd., Fruit Salt Works, London, England
SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STORES EVERYWHERE.

WATSON'S HYGIENOL

A HIGHLY CONCENTRATED AND PERFECTLY SAFE
DISINFECTANT.
THE BEST PREVENTATIVE OF
INFECTIOUS AND CONTAGIOUS DISEASES.

SOLD ONLY BY

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,

TELEPHONE No. 16.

To-day's Advertisements

LADIES RECREATION CLUB.

MEN'S CHAMPIONSHIP SINGLES
TOURNAMENT To be played
during October. Entries close September
30th.
MIXED DOUBLES AMERICAN
TOURNAMENT On SATURDAY
September 28th. Entries close September
25th.
W. WILKINSON,
Hon. Sec. L.R.C.
Hongkong, Sept. 7, 1918. 732

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received in-
structions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCESSIONS)
ON
TUESDAY,
the 10th Sept., 1918, at 2.30 p.m.
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Isa House Street.

A Small Consignment of
REVERSIBLE INDIAN CARPETS
Various sizes and colours.
Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HUGHES,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Sept. 7, 1918. 733

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
FROM EUROPE AND STRAITS.

THE Company's Steamship,
"IYO MARU,"
having arrived from the above Ports,
Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified
that their Goods are being landed and
placed at their risk in the Hongkong &
Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company's
Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment
will be sorted out mark by mark and
delivery can be obtained as soon as
the Goods are landed.
(Optical Goods will be carried on unless
instructions are given to the contrary be-
fore Noon, To-day.)
Goods not cleared by the 13th Sept.
1918, will be subject to rent.
Damaged Packages must be left in the
Godowns for examination by the Con-
signee and the Co.'s representatives
at an appointed hour on TUESDAY and
FRIDAY. All claims must be pre-
sented within ten days of the steamer's
arrival here, after which date they cannot
be recognized. No claims will be admitted
after the goods have left the Godowns.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Agents.
Hongkong, Sept. 7, 1918. 734

KODAKS
and FILMS,
PLATES
and PAPER,
DEVELOPING & PRINTING
UNDERTAKEN.

A. TACK & CO.,
26, Des Vaux Road Central.

THE FIRST CHINESE NEWSPAPER
EVER ISSUED UNDER
PURELY NATIVE DIRECTION.

The Chinese Mail
華字日報

THE LARGEST CHINESE POLITICAL AND
COMMERCIAL JOURNAL.

PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY.

CONTAINS THE MOST RELIABLE
TELEGRAPHIC NEWS FROM
NORTH CHINA.

ALL THE LATEST INTELLIGENCE FROM THE
VARIOUS PORTS IN CHINA AND JAPAN.

Subscription price delivered in Hongkong
\$12.00 to all other ports.

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hopelessness their Prussian lords and
masters continue to send countless
thousands to their death? The
Chancellor's declaration of hostility
to equal suffrage and the reasons he
gave for that hostility are surely
deeply significant.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Tennis Tournaments at the Ladies'
Recreation Club are announced in
another column.

The Manila Observatory last night
reported the typhoon south of Naha
to be recurring northward, over the
North China Sea, and filling up.

In consequence of the existence of
cholera at Surabaya, Samarang and
Bandjermasin, the British North
Borneo Government on the 16th ult.
declared these ports infected.

A telegram from Peking says
Parliament was without the necessary
quorum on the 5th inst. for the election
of Vice-President. There were only
93 members present, the Opposition
purposely absconding themselves in order
to delay the election.

The Nagai Cotton Trading Com-
pany of Osaka, which already owns
several mills at Shanghai, has just
purchased the business of the Yuying
Cotton Mill Co. (Chinese) at Shanghai
for the 800,000 Japanese spinners
have now ten big mills in Shanghai,
besides mills at Tsingtao and Tientsin.

It is notified in the Government
Gazette that at the expiration of three
months from date, Paula Davis and
Company, Limited, will, unless cause is
shown to the contrary, be struck off the
Register and the Company will be
dissolved. We understand that the
Company has been taken over and
absorbed by the Davis Company Ltd.

The Hon. Treasurer of the Alice
Memorial and Affiliated Hospitals begs
to acknowledge with thanks the follow-
ing donations to the funds of the
Hospitals:

Comrades' Guild \$400
Tsun Sze 10
Nen Nam Run 5
Tong Sam Wa 4

The Schools of the Colony are now
re-opening after the summer vacation.
St. Joseph's College re-opens on
Monday. Some of the classes will be
taught in the new building in Robinson
Road, and others in the new premises
in Kennedy Road (the old German
Club), which also will be the residence
of teachers and boarders. The branch
school of the College at Kowloon also
re-opens on Monday at 9 a.m.

The Intelligence Bureau of Canton
informs us that the National Assembly
now meeting in Canton, "the only one
elected peacefully by the whole country
and in accordance with law" has authori-
zed the Intelligence Bureau to state
that, irrespective of persons, no one
improperly and unlawfully elected and
falsely representing himself to be the
President of China shall be permitted
to exercise the power and privilege of
his office in his relations with citizens
at home or with peoples abroad.

The Director of the Royal Obser-
vatory in publishing the extract of
Meteorological Observations for the
month of August makes the following
comment: "The mean temperature
(79.5) and total amount of sunshine
(1387 hrs) are the lowest on record.
The total rainfall (29.230 ins) is the
second highest on record, the highest
being 30.960 ins. in 1911. The total
rainfall for August has exceeded 20
inches on 4 other occasions, viz., 27.865
ins. in 1875; 27.640 ins. in 1904; 28.505
ins. in 1902; and 25.550 ins. in 1897."

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Sir Matthew Nathan, a former
Governor of Hongkong, is now Director
of Finance at the Ministry of Pensions.

It is announced at Shanghai that a
marriage has been arranged and will
shortly take place between Mr. A.
H. Compton, youngest son of the
late Mr. and Mrs. T. H. E. Compton,
of Andover, Hants, England, and Miss
M. Carlinio, only daughter of Mr. and
Mrs. C. Carlinio, of Shanghai.

Among those appointed Officers of
the Order of the British Empire on
the occasion of His Majesty's birthday
is to be found the name of Mr. Frank
Grove, Inspector of Munitions Areas,
Manchester, Ministry of Munitions.
Mr. Grove was formerly Engineer-in-
Chief of the Chinese section of the
Canton Kowloon Railway.

THE MAGISTRACY.
SNATCHING A WATCH.

Before Mr. J. R. Wood, this morning,
a Chinese was charged with attempting
to snatch a watch.

A lakong said he was on duty in
Queen's Road Central, on Thursday,
when he heard cries of "thief!" He saw
complainant standing with his watch
chain hanging loose and he arrested
accused, on his being charged by com-
plainant.

When charged, accused denied stealing
the watch. He said complainant pulled
the watch out himself. He was looking
at picture sign boards when complainant
turned round and accused him of
snatching the watch.

Mr. Wood said there seemed to be
some doubt about the matter, and
discharged accused.

A SERIOUS CHARGE.

In Mr. Wood's Court this morning,
a European named James Allen was
charged with committing an act of gross
indecentcy on Murray Battery Path.

Mr. Wood said the accused was
charged with a misdemeanour, the
minimum penalty for which is two
years imprisonment, which could only
be inflicted by the Supreme Court.

The case would be adjourned until
Tuesday next, and if the charge is
proved the accused will be committed
to the Criminal Sessions.

SNATCHING A BANGLE FROM
A BABY.

Before Mr. J. R. Wood, this morning,
a Chinese was charged with snatching a
bangle from the wrist of a baby.

"An infant, about a year old, was
brought into Court and it was shown
that he little mite had sustained an
injury to his wrist, the flesh having been
cut by the bangle being wrenched off."

After hearing the evidence Mr. Wood
sentenced the accused to six months'
hard labour.

CORRESPONDENCE.

AMERICAN RED CROSS.

[To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL"]
DEAR SIR:—We have received in-
formation from the American Red Cross
at Vladivostok stating that they ex-
pect to have at least 30,000 suffering
men, women and children refugees in
Siberia and Manchuria to take care of
this winter, and they have requested us
to begin collecting at once new and
second hand clothing, wraps, gloves,
mufflers, stockings, underwear, shoes,
quilts and blankets.

The Hongkong Chapter of the
American Red Cross earnestly solicit
contributions of the above nature and
will take pleasure in forwarding any
such supplies as are contributed. It is
requested that supplies be delivered to
the American Red Cross Work Rooms
in the American Consulate Offices.

We would appreciate it if you could
arrange to give this matter some
publicity.

Yours faithfully,
S. E. HODGE,
Secretary.

A BRITISH RED CROSS UNIT FOR
SIBERIA.

Steps are being taken in Shanghai to
form a British Red Cross unit for
Siberia. Mr. A. G. Major, of H. M.
Consulate General, who is hon. treasurer
of the British Red Cross Society, writes
as follows to the papers:—

"It has been suggested, by a lady
who is a trained nurse and who goes to
the practical length of volunteering her
services, that Shanghai might organize
a British Red Cross unit for Siberia and
I hasten to submit the proposal for the
support of the local British Community.
"The organization of such a unit is
no light task and there may be
difficulties, though I hope they will not
prove insuperable, in the provision of
the necessary staff, but should this
element be forthcoming, I have no doubt
that there will be no lack of funds and
materials of every kind. Indeed, I may
say that I am already assured of the
sympathy and practical assistance of
the British Women's Work Association,
which is in itself a guarantee of
much of the material which will be
needed."

"I have every hope that this sugges-
tion will bear fruit and pending the
formation of a Committee of ways and
means, I shall be only too glad to
receive encouragement in the shape of
personal services, funds and materials,
for the second named of which I shall
be glad as a first step to open a special
account."

"Australians look after each other
much more than we do," a soldier in an
English county regiment told a "Daily
Sketch" writer. "If an 'Ozite' is on
the sick list, all the rest of the squad
call in to see him every morning and
evening, bringing with them any little
delicacy they think would suit him."

"With me it was a case of every man for
himself and the sick are forgotten."

ROYAL HONGKONG GOLF
CLUB.ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
AMENDED.

An extraordinary general meeting of
the Royal Hongkong Golf Club was
held in the Board Room of Messrs
Jardine, Matheson, and Co., Ltd., last
evening.

The Hon. Mr. D. LANDALE, president
and amongst those present were Sir
William Rees Davies, K.C., the Hon.
Mr. E. R. Hallifax and Mr. J. de B.
Lancaster (Hon. Secretary).

The CHAIRMAN said the primary
object for which the meeting had been
called was "to amend the Articles of
Association so as to make the financial
year end on the 30th September instead
of on the 31st December."

The opportunity given by this meet-
ing had also been taken of amending
various other of the Articles of Associa-
tion in order to bring them more up to
date and to provide for the requirements,
and conveniences of the Club and its
members.

The first alteration was one purely of
description and one which would make
it more clear as to who is included
under the word "member." The pro-
posed alteration would make the phrase
"Member" mean a member of the
Company so registered and does not
include honorary member, subscriber,
subordinate naval officer or visitor."

In the Articles as they stood the words
"Naval member" should not have
appeared, as officers of the naval and
military forces dealt with in the articles
of association under the heading of
"subscribers." The same remarks
applied to honorary members and visi-
tors. The proposed alteration would
therefore clear up any doubt that might
exist as to who is included in the word
"Member."

The object of a further amendment
was to give the committee power to call
upon any new members to take up one
debenture.

It was hoped by the proposed amend-
ment to provide for the debentures held
by members leaving the Colony who
wished to dispose of their debentures
being taken up by incoming members.
Apart from the fact that members
were more likely to take up debentures
if they were saleable on their leaving
the Colony, it was desirable that debentures
should be held by persons interested
in the Club than by persons who had
ceased to take any interest therein,
and it could, he thought be safely left
to the Committee to require an in-
coming member to take up a debenture or
not and at such time as the com-
mittee thought reasonable or convenient
having regard to the financial position
of the incoming member and the number
of debentures available.

The object of a third alteration pro-
posed was to give the committee power
to fix the amount of subscriptions pay-
able by subordinate naval officers. At
present if it were advisable to make and
alteration in the sum payable it would be
necessary to call a general meeting of
the club and it would be more con-
venient if the committee were em-
powered to deal with this from time to
time and as occasion may require. The
Chairman explained how it arose that
subordinate naval officers were dealt
with separately in the Articles of As-
sociation. When the subscription to
the Club of members and subscribers
was raised to \$5 per month it was
represented to the committee that such
a subscription was beyond the means
of the ordinary subordinate naval
officers such as midshipmen, and as they
were here only temporarily an exception
was made in their favour and they were
only charged \$2 per month. There was
no intention of increasing this amount
under circumstances, but it was felt that
the committee should have the power
to deal with a detail of this kind and
thus avoid the necessity of calling
a general meeting on an unimportant
question. At the same time he would
like to point out that the members of
the club could at all times overrule the
decision of the committee on this point.
The same remarks made in respect of
a third amendment apply entirely to the
fourth amendment, proposed, which
gives power to the committee to fix the
subscription to be paid by visitors.

The proposed alteration No. 5 on the
notice calling this meeting had become
necessary by a Treasurer being ap-
pointed by the committee and paid for his
services. This Treasurer would not be
an officer of the Club within the mean-
ing of Articles No. 47 or 49 of the
Articles of Association. Further, there
was no method provided by the Articles
for the election of Officers of the Club,
which are the Captain and Hon.
Secretary, and inasmuch as these had
always been appointed by a show of
hands at the annual general meeting it
was thought advisable to make pro-
vision in the Articles of Association for
the continuance of this practice.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH
REMEDY.

CHAMBERLAIN'S Cough Remedy has no superior as a
cure for colds, croup and whooping
cough.

It has been a favourite with mothers of
young children for almost forty years.
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is
always depended upon and is pleasant
to take.
It not only cures colds and grip but
prevents their resulting in pneumonia.
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy contains
no opium or other narcotics and may be
given with confidence to children of any
age. For sale by all Chemists and
Druggists.

The total output of the Kailan
Mining Administration's mines for the
week ending 24th August, amounted
to 69,988 tons and the sales during the
period, to 53,230 tons.

RHEUMATISM.

HAVE you ever tried Chamberlain's
Pain Balm for rheumatism? If
not, you are wasting time as the longer
this disease runs on the harder it is to
cure. Get Chamberlain's Pain Balm with
expressed messages to the afflicted joints
and you will be amazed at the relief
obtained. For sale by all Chemists and
Druggists.

A large number of Koreans
gathered on August 29th at Bell Street
Primary School at Seoul, where a sale
of rice at cheap prices was held. The
rice was sold out by 1 o'clock and 600
Koreans who were unable to buy rice
were greatly distressed and attempted
to rush into the building. A large
number of policemen and guards were
sent to the scene but the crowd
threw stones and broke the doors and
windows of the School. Thirty of the
rioters were arrested and the riot
quelled after two hours.

A GOOD SUGGESTION.
Chamberlain's Tablets when
taken for constipation, you are
certain to be much pleased. You
must try to take and please
yourself. For sale by all Chemists and
Druggists.

THE WING ON BUILDING AT
SHANGHAI.

Within the past few years, says the
Shanghai Gazette, there have been some
notable examples in Shanghai of shop
building on an architectural scale and
to them must be added the new premises
recently completed for The Wing On
Company of Hongkong and Sydney,
from the design of Messrs. Palmer and
Turner, Architects and Surveyors of
Shanghai and Hongkong.

The New Wing On Building, con-
sists of a spacious department store
and a modern hotel named The Great
Eastern Hotel. The entire building
scheme when completed will include the
main front to Nanjing Road with re-
turns of Chekiang Road, Rikukiang Road
and Kinowah Road, a private prome-
nade runs between the two blocks of
buildings which are to be joined by
bridges spanning the promenade. The
whole block embraced by the four roads
forms an island site in the very centre
of traffic of the foreign settlement. The
Architects have achieved a complete
success, the elevation being both suc-
cessful and imposing, while at the same
time complying with the commercial re-
quirements for a large window display
and spaces for advertising. These spaces
have been allowed for on the pilasters
without in any way detracting from the
general scheme of design.

From the summit of the tower, which
is the loftiest in Shanghai, the most
extensive views may be obtained of
Shanghai and the surrounding districts.
On a clear day one can see with the
naked eye the hills at Zao-ai, the Whang-
poo at Lung Wha, the buildings at
Woosung and the large steamers lying
at anchor there; one can also see the
sprinkles of the Bund, for quite a dis-
tance up and down the Yangtze River.

From another account we learn that
the magnificent structure cost about
\$750,000, and is chiefly of reinforced
concrete. It covers an area of 34,300
square feet and reaches to a height of
100 feet. Its site covers 23,400 sq. ft.
The land is leased to the company by
Mr. S. A. Harrison at an annual rental
of \$40,000, the lease expiring in 35 years.
The interior of the building is finished
with oak and marble. The first spade-
ful of earth was turned for the founda-
tion in January, 1914.

WILL MRS. BILLING BE
INTERRED?

MR. BILLING'S PRUSSIAN
ASSOCIATION.

The London Daily Chronicle of July
18th, contains the following:—
When we published the fact that the
wife of Mr. Pemberton Billing was of
German origin, that lady wrote to the
Home Secretary regarding the state-
ment, saying that her father was Swiss
and her mother Irish. She also stated
that if it is found that there is a drop
of enemy blood in my veins I demand
that I be interned at once.

We fear that the honorable lady will
have to get ready for her self-intern-
ment. According to the Billing party,
anyone of German origin or association,
or anyone who is married to a German,
is suspect, and so that there may be no
mistake, all should be interned. It is,
therefore, rather amusing to find the
leader of the campaign himself has
enemy associations.

Mrs. Billing, in her letter to the Home
Secretary, said:—

I am the daughter of Theodore
Henry Schweitzer, of Swabia, who,
to the best of my knowledge and
belief, was a British subject. His
family, which was of Swiss origin, came
to this country three generations ago.
My mother was Sarah Louise Montague,
who was born in County Cork,
Ireland, and she, to the best of my knowledge
and belief, never left the British Is-
lands to the day of her death.

The certificate of the marriage of Mrs.
Billing's parents, which took place at
Swansea on November 18th, 1865, states
that her father was Theodore Schweitzer,
ship chandler, of Newport, and that
his father was Richard Schweitzer,
manager of the post office at Dantzic,
Prussia; her mother is given as Sarah
Louise Montague, whose father, Francis
Montague, is described as a master-
mariner.

Mrs. Billing's mother, Miss Montague,
was born in Germany. Her mother
(Mrs. Billing's grandmother) was Fran-
schmidt, a German subject, who kept
the Telegraph Hotel in Bute-street,
Cardiff. Frau Schmidt married to Ire-
land after her daughter's marriage
to Schweitzer. Theodore Schweitzer,
Mrs. Billing's father, was married in
Cardiff in 1866. We stated that he was
naturalized, but the official records
now and referred to another German of
the same name. There is no record to
show that Mrs. Billing's father was ever
naturalized. He was born a Prussian
and remained a Prussian.

NATY'S "PRIZE" MILLIONS.

In moving the second reading of the
Naval Prize Bill, in Parliament, Dr.
Llananahan mentioned that on June 20
there was £2,818,248 standing to the
credit of the Prize Court in London, in
addition there were other sums to the
credit of the overseas forces. The whole
of the sum would not be available for
distribution, as it was subject to certain
charges and to certain Droits of the
Admiralty.

The object of the Bill was to secure a
more general distribution of Prize money
and prize bounties among the Fleet than
had hitherto been the case.

A large number of Koreans
gathered on August 29th at Bell Street
Primary School at Seoul, where a sale
of rice at cheap prices was held. The
rice was sold out by 1 o'clock and 600
Koreans who were unable to buy rice
were greatly distressed and attempted
to rush into the building. A large
number of policemen and guards were
sent to the scene but the crowd
threw stones and broke the doors and
windows of the School. Thirty of the
rioters were arrested and the riot
quelled after two hours.

A GOOD SUGGESTION.

Chamberlain's Tablets when
taken for constipation, you are
certain to be much pleased. You
must try to take and please
yourself. For sale by all Chemists and
Druggists.

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TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

THE SITUATION IN RUSSIA.

SANGUINARY FIGHTING IN RUSSIAN PROVINCES.

UKRAINIANS TAKE NICHNI NOVOGOROD.

LONDON, Sept. 5.

The Copenhagen newspaper *Frederiks* states that the Ukrainian revolutionaries have taken Nijni Novgorod and other cities and also the town of Tschernoff where they killed the whole German garrison of 1,500 men, but retired when German reinforcements arrived.

Sanguinary fighting has occurred in the province of Poltava, Dniepropetrovsk and Kiev, where the revolutionaries number 20,000. The Ukrainian authorities, in many places, have fled.

The Hetman, General Skorodinsky, has fled from Berlin and visited the Kaiser.

THE BRITISH EMBASSY AT PETROGRAD.

GERMAN EXCUSES FOR OUTRAGE.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 5.

Telegrams from German sources give three excuses for the outrage on the British Embassy at Petrograd and indicate that the Embassy was concerned in a Social Revolutionary plot but did not advance a shot of proof.

THE LATE CAPTAIN CROMIE.

A SPLENDID RECORD.

LONDON, Sept. 5.

Captain Francis Cromie, D.S.O., was one of the earliest submarine officers. At the outbreak of war he commanded the Hongkong Submarine Flotilla. During 1915, he commanded the E49 in the Baltic which torpedoed a German destroyer and the cruiser *Undine* and sank or captured a German steamer. On November 1915 he assumed command of the Baltic Flotilla. He was awarded the D.S.O. in May 1916 and a succession of Russian honours. During the Russian Revolution he handled the situation with the greatest tact and earned the respect of the extremists for his dealing and for the way he continued to work the flotilla against the Germans. He was responsible, in April, 1918, for the destruction and evacuation of our Baltic submarines.

Captain Cromie was appointed to the Embassy owing to his knowledge of the Russian and the prevailing conditions.

HOW CAPTAIN CROMIE MET HIS DEATH.

When the Embassy was attacked Captain Cromie opposed the entry, shooting three soldiers. Subsequently he was murdered and the corpse outraged. An English clergyman was forbidden to pray over the corpse. The Embassy papers were entirely destroyed.

BOLSHEVICKS INCITING MOB TO MASSACRE.

A similar attack is feared upon the French Embassy and necessary defences have been prepared. The French Military Mission was looted and some Frenchmen arrested. The Bolsheviks are already inciting the populace to massacre the British and French. The British Government has telegraphed to M. Clicheux, a Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, demanding immediate reparation and the prompt punishment of those concerned in the atrocious outrage, and intimating that should the Soviet Government fail to give satisfaction and further acts of violence against British subjects occur, the Government will hold the members of the Soviet Government individually responsible and secure that they shall be treated as outlaws by all civilized nations.

It concludes by saying that the Government has learned that the arrest of all British and French subjects between the ages of 18 and 30 was ordered on August 20th on trumped up charges.

TREATMENT FOR DYSENTERY.

CHAMBERLAIN'S Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy followed by a dose of castor oil will effectively cure the most stubborn cases of dysentery. It is especially good for summer diarrhoea in children. For sale by all Chemists and Grocers.

A RUSSIAN THREAT TO ENTENTE.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 5.

A German telegram states that the Soviet Government is informing the Entente that if any more attempts are made on the lives of Soviet statesmen in Russia, the Entente statesmen will be killed in their own countries.

A RUSSO-GERMAN AGREEMENT.

RUSSIA TO FIGHT AGAINST ENTENTE.

LONDON, Sept. 4.

A wireless Russian message states that agreements signed between Germany and Russia, with regard to territorial changes and the latter's financial obligations, include an undertaking that Russia will fight against the Entente troops in northern Russia, Germany promising that Finland shall not attack Russia.

SUBMARINE PIRACY.

ENEMY AGAIN OPERATING FAR OUT.

LONDON, Sept. 5.

Reuter is authoritatively informed that German submarines are again operating far out where they get fewer but bigger ships. Meanwhile, the British anti-submarine fleets are immensely increasing. The submarine crews, who were formerly volunteers and now conscripts, but there is no marked loss of morale. The crews, however, are not taking the risks they did, and have, clearly been ordered to play for safety.

The British minefield in the North Sea has compelled enemy submarines to use Norwegian waters. Ostend and Zeebrugge now appear to be useless to the enemy except for long distance submarines by which these bases are used very little.

The Allied barrage of the Straits of Otranto has resulted in a diminution of the sinkings in the Mediterranean.

Twenty-five per cent. of the German submarines in the Atlantic have been lost since 1917.

THE SILVER MARKET.

LONDON, Sept. 5.

The Silver Market is quiet.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE GREAT BATTLE.

BRITISH GAIN MANY NEW POINTS.

16,000 PRISONERS IN FOUR DAYS.

LONDON, Sept. 5.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—

After sharp fighting on September 4, northward of the Lys, we captured Hill 63, south-westward of Messines, taking over 100 prisoners.

We captured in the afternoon, Ploegsteert village, taking another 100 prisoners and a number of machine-guns.

Northward of Hill 63 we were continuously engaged in the Wytschaete sector, where the enemy's repeated attacks were unsuccessful.

We hold, on the Lys front, the general line from Voormezele to Welverghem, Ploegsteert, Nieppe, Laventie and Givenchy.

Southward of Neuve Chapelle, as far as Givenchy, we have regained the old line we held prior to April 9; and eastward of Givenchy we have occupied portions of the old German positions.

The enemy strongly attacked our new positions at Inche-en-Artois in the evening, but was repulsed after sharp fighting.

We improved our positions southward of Moeuvres, and eastward of Hermet, and captured Neuville Bourjovail.

An enemy counter-attack in the evening eastward of Manancourt was repulsed.

Fighting occurred in the neighbourhood of Peronne and our line was slightly improved.

The British, during the past four days, have taken over 16,000 prisoners and captured over 100 guns.

FRENCH ADVANCE CONTINUED.

LONDON, Sept. 5.

A French communiqué reports:—

At night-time we maintained contact with the enemy rearwards and advanced east of the Canal du Nord and in the direction of the Aisne.

THE BOOTY.

LONDON, Sept. 5.

Reuter's Correspondent at British Headquarters states that since Sunday, General Horn's army has captured 6,286 prisoners, 33 heavy howitzers, two high velocity guns, 34 field-guns, 30 trench mortars, six anti-tank guns and 475 machine-guns.

Since Saturday General Byng's army has taken 5,731 prisoners and a considerable number of uncounted guns.

Since Saturday General Rawlinson's army has taken 4,467 prisoners and a considerable number of uncounted guns.

The Vandenberg is becoming increasingly active. The series of tactical successes daily recorded between Ypres and Lens are assuming real strategical significance.

GERMAN REPORT.

LONDON, Sept. 5.

A wireless German official message says:—

The enemy pressed back our forward troops to a new line between Ypres and La Bassée.

We continued our withdrawal in the region of Roze and freed ourselves with-out a fight, the enemy following slowly.

We withdrew from the Vesle, eastwards of Soissons, undisturbed.

GERMAN PRESS TELLING THE TRUTH.

THE POSSIBLE EXPLANATION.

LONDON, Sept. 5.

The *Volksrecht* frankly admits that the German home front has been weakened by the reverse in France and blames the Wolf Bureau for leading the people to believe that the enemy would never recover from the blows in March and April. The people were thus buoyed by false hopes. Moreover, the newspaper complains that they were similarly misinformed as regards the effects of submarine warfare and of peace with Russia and Rumania. It quotes a semi-official German telegram of April 16 announcing enormous captures of clothes in Russia, Italy and North France and representing the booty in rubber and copper as sufficient for the German Army for a year. "Can it be wondered at that there should be disappointment and mistrust when we are asked to part with our clothes and our door handles to cover urgent need? Patience gets worn out by such camouflaging of facts."

After admitting that the Allied air attacks do produce the effects which the enemy intends, the writer proceeds to admit that, despite submarine warfare, "we are not within measurable distance of so cutting off the enemy's supplies as to render their means of subsistence as source as ours."

The appearance of these sentiments in what is practically the German official newspaper possibly means that the High Command intends to imitate as far as possible the British policy after the reverses of March and April of taking the people more into confidence and plainly stating the actualities, arguing that this method which has benefited Britain will probably benefit Germany.

THE GERMAN SUFFRAGE BILL.

THE CROWN AND DYNASTY AT STAKE.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 5.

In the Prussian Upper House, the Chancellor, Count Hertling, during a discussion of the Suffrage Bill, appealed for an understanding because he was honestly convinced that the protection and preservation of the Crown and Dynasty were at stake in connection with it. The Government saw no possibility of approving the Bill as sent up from the Lower House. The latter's recognisable scruples about the introduction of general equal suffrage must be subordinated to the protection of the Dynasty, and Crown.

THE TRADE UNIONS AND THE FORCES.

ADMIRAL BEATTY'S CONFIDENCE.

LONDON, Sept. 5.

Admiral Sir David Beatty, replying to a message from the Trades Union Congress, said: "The Grand Fleet is convinced that complete victory will crown the combined efforts of the Empire and the Allies, and the sacrifices so nobly born will bring forth a new world in which all that is best in humanity can have free development." (Loud cheers.)

ADMIRAL BEATTY'S THANKS.

A telegram from Sir Douglas Haig was read at the Trades Union Congress at Derby as follows: "Warmest thanks of all ranks of the Army for the message of generous appreciation. We are proud that the representatives of 4,500,000 workers at home should add to the debt we already owe them for their splendid support, by sending a message of comradeship and goodwill." (Cheers.)

CHRONIC DIARRHOEA.

ARE you subject to attacks of diarrhoea? Keep absolutely quiet for a few days, rest in bed if possible, be careful of your diet and take Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. This medicine has cured cases of chronic diarrhoea that physicians have failed on, and it will cure you. For sale by all Chemists and Grocers.

THE WAR IN SIBERIA.

THE USSURI FRONT.

ADVANCE WITHOUT INTERMISSION.

VLADIVOSTOK, Aug. 26.

According to further reports from the Ussuri front, on the 26th several hundred Red Guards disguised as peasants penetrated to the village of Antonovka and occupied an advance post of the Allies with the result that part of General Kalmikoff's Cossacks and a Company of Czech-Slovaks were surrounded but, after a struggle, cut their way through the main forces with slight loss.

According to details received by letter concerning the battle on the 24th on the Ussuri front, the enemy attacked desperately and in considerable numbers on Sunday evening and all the Allied forces took part in the fighting except the American. The Japanese bore the brunt of the fighting and captured two armoured trains, several field-guns and considerable booty. According to a wounded Czech, the Japanese, infuriated at finding mutilated bodies of their comrades off the battle-field, charged and routed the enemy in the face of heavy machine-gun and rifle fire. It is estimated that upwards of three hundred of the enemy were killed.

The Japanese Staff reports that the Allied Forces are advancing without intermission.

THE ALLIED OFFENSIVE.

ENEMY DRIVEN BACK.

TOKIO, Aug. 26.

War Office official:—

At dawn on the 24th the Allied Army assumed the offensive and after a hot contest drove back the enemy and by the afternoon had reached the vicinity of Knelisk. The enemy having destroyed the bridge across the river Ussuri, the Allies landed on the left bank and are making preparations to continue the pursuit.

During this engagement one battalion of our Infantry and a Company of Sappers succeeded in reaching the enemy's rear, where they destroyed the railway and captured two armoured cars.

The Headquarters of the troops, under General Fujii arrived at Manchuli on the 23rd. The main body was due to arrive in the vicinity on the 24th.

Colonel Semenov has occupied Siding No. 81, about thirty-five miles west of Manchuli.

RETREAT OF THE BOLSHEVICKS.

ALLIED PRESS.

TOKIO, Aug. 27.

War Office official:—

The enemy who retreated to the right bank of the River Ussuri, halted near Simakofka, and took up positions there. The main force of the 12th Japanese Division took up its position on the left bank near Anokaf, Komakofka and the railway and commenced to reconnoitre.

On the 25th the enemy retreated northward, closely followed by a company of our Infantry and occupied Simakofka.

The Allied troops commenced a pursuit of the enemy early yesterday and is still following them up.

In the engagements which occurred on the 23rd and 24th, Captain Konomi and Sergeant Major Sumimoto were killed, seven other officers wounded, fifty non-commissioned officers and men killed and 129 wounded. The enemy casualties were double ours, the number of dead left on the battle-field being over 800.

The Allies captured two armoured cars, three guns, four machine-guns, ten kilometres of telephone wire and a number of rifles with ammunition.

SEMENOFF OCCUPIES DAURIA.

ENEMY AT CHITA.

TOKIO, Aug. 27.

War Office official:—

A portion of General Semenov's troops occupied Baipia on the 24th. His main force is being concentrated there and his advance guards have already occupied Harbin.

The strength of the enemy along the null-way is unknown, but near Soltown a body of 1,000 have been seen. The enemy in his retreat destroyed the railway bridge and water tanks and poisoned the wells.

Werkow, Udinsk and New-Selenginsk seem to have been taken by the Czechs moving from the west and the Cossacks near there and the Red Guards are reported to have retreated westward along the railway towards the Russo-Chinese borders and Kiachta.

The enemy has established positions of defence near Chita which are not so strongly guarded as before, but they are vigilantly watching searchlights being used at night.

The enemy who landed at Kamlak, on the shores of Lake Khanka, meeting with resistance from the Russian troops, were forced to take the offensive and were finally driven from their position on the 24th. The Russian troops, however, they were "enraptured" on their ships, Lake Khanka and retreated eastward.

SEMENOFF'S SUCCESS.

PEKING, Aug. 27.

Yesterday Colonel Semenov captured Borzina Station. The Bolsheviks are retreating towards the River Onon, burning the bridges and destroying the railway at tactical points en route.

THE GOVERNMENT AT OMSK.

CONTROL OF WHOLE REGION.

PEKING, Aug. 28.

According to reports from Czech sources, General Vologodski's development at Omsk has control of the whole region between Irkutsk and Cheliansk in which 35,000 Czech-Slovaks are waiting a chance to move eastward and 65,000 Austro-Germans are in concentration camps. General Vologodski has raised a Russian force of 25,000 former officers which is divided into three units and commands the situation. General Vologodski is carrying out a Moderate, Socialist popular policy, and is supported by many former Bolsheviks. The Soviets have been dissolved.

OPERATIONS ON THE USSURI.

TOKIO, Aug. 29.

War Office official:—

On our right a column of our troops which was pursuing the enemy beyond the Ussuri River on the 26th halted at Medoujyee, 10 miles east of Simakof. Our column advancing on the left holds an eminence north of Simakof while our centre stopped on reaching Simakof. Our troops were in nearly the same formation on the 27th and were engaged in reconnaissance, repairs to the bridge at Ussuri and other preparations, our cavalry and the detachment of mounted troops under General Kalmikoff advancing north through Ussuri.

AN INCIDENT OF THE FIGHTING.

PEKING, Aug. 29.

During the recent fighting a Russian officer ordered a squadron of cavalry to charge the Bolsheviks but his men did not follow him. Surrounded by the enemy, the officer killed eight with his sword until he was wounded in the right arm, when he drew his revolver and blew his brains out.

BRIDGE OVER USSURI CAPTURED.

VLADIVOSTOK, Aug. 29.

A detachment of Allied cavalry with some of Kalmikoff's Cossacks seized a bridge which was intact over the River Ussuri on the 26th.

THE SITUATION AT VLADIVOSTOK.

FIRM ATTITUDE NEEDED.

VLADIVOSTOK, Aug. 29.

To-day the Consular Body issued a public announcement explanatory of their motives in advising the Military Council to disarm the Russian Volunteer Corps, stating that it was done to prevent a lamentable collision between the political factions which would have imperilled the lives and properties of peaceful citizens.

The Consular Body is sincerely desirous of alleviating the situation resulting from the disarmament on the 25th instant and will be glad to take any measures possible to that end.

Meanwhile the Zemstvo is embarrasing the situation by high-handed measures. To-day it arrested the Director of Customs for obeying an order of General Horvath.

A firm attitude is needed on the part of the Allies, otherwise they will be enmeshed in the vortex of Russian politics as all the political parties are seeking all means to entrap the Allies. The opinion is growing that, in order to ensure tranquillity here until Irkutsk has been relieved and contact made with the interior, the proclamation of martial law is an imperative necessity in Vladivostok.

It is reported in Nerchinsk that the Bolsheviks are forcing the mobilization of the peasants on a large scale with the aid of machine-guns.

GERMANS APPLAUD PRESIDENT WILSON.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.

A French despatch says that a German audience of 4,000 people recently applauded the name of President Wilson at a public gathering organized by Syndicalism at Mannheim to discuss the food situation. A member of the Independent Party who gave an outline of President Wilson's war aims with favourable comment was cheered. The president of the meeting refused to allow a resolution of approval to be put to the vote.

The despatch says that despite the programme of nullification of President Wilson on the part of the German press, the masses of the German people are giving consideration to President Wilson's peace aims.

TENNIS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.

In the National Singles Tennis Championship tournament here today, John Kribb defeated Dion G. 6-1, 7-5, 6-3 in the second round.



ACT AT ONCE

These brave men are fighting your fight for Liberty. Every dollar you can spare is needed to alleviate the sufferings of those who fall. Act at once and buy War Bond Tickets. You may be a winner but never a loser by the transaction. Consult your conscience.

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and we invite the Profession and others interested not only to witness our demonstrations, but to bear witness that "the results justify the claims made both as to material and methods of roof construction."

BRAND: "MALTHOID" PATENTED IN U.S.A.

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HONGKONG THEATRE PROGRAMME

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!

Showing—3rd & 4th Episodes of THE SECRET KINGDOM Etc., Etc.

WEDNESDAY, 11th Sept.—Showing—Paramount Feature—5 parts VICTORY OF CONSCIENCE

